

CONTENT OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF LEGAL CULTURE IN FUTURE TEACHERS

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Annotation: *today, the role of legal culture in society is becoming more important than ever. Legal culture plays an important role in all aspects of social life, not just personal. It is especially important for the emerging teachers to develop a legal culture, to form the necessary skills both in their professional activities and in their personal life. Teachers play a leading role in the educational process in giving students legal knowledge and educating them as socially responsible citizens. The development of the legal culture of teachers helps to increase, first of all, their knowledge of their rights and obligations, compliance with the principles of justice and equality in society, as well as the ability to provide legal knowledge to students. Through the formation of a legal culture, teachers encourage students to be active, to defend rights and freedoms, as well as to speak out on social issues.*

Keywords: *legal culture, moral standards, social responsibility, pedagogical-psychological conditions.*

INTRODUCTION

Society needs legal knowledge, socially mature, free personality. Because many social, political and economic changes in society are increasing the need for the development of the legal consciousness of citizens. This requires improving the systematic regulation of the mechanisms of how to teach, explain and implement legal norms, which is one of the most basic directions for the formation of legal consciousness in self-citizens. One of the important requirements for the development of society is the upbringing of a young generation capable of socialization, respecting the rights and freedoms of an individual, a Democratic state and society comply with the rules of law. The role of educators in this regard is huge.

Indeed, the education of the younger generation of persons who are legally educated, popular, have the best qualities, can serve their people, put the interests of the state and society above their own interests and have a high level of performance in their performance is inextricably linked with educators today. Children are the future of each nation, each state, it is considered very important for the future of the state and society that children grow up in an atmosphere of respect and do not suffer from negative consequences, therefore, first of all, there are educators that increasing legal literacy remains one of the pressing issues.

In this regard, large-scale work has been carried out in order to support the growing younger generation in my country, create conditions for the spiritual and physical development of children, as well as to ensure compliance with the requirements of the United Nations Child Rights Framework, and at present, such subjects as constancy of the Republic of Uzbekistan, new strategy of the Republic of Uzbekistan, national

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Indeed, with the birth of a child, his rights and freedoms are guaranteed by the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, which is the basis of our legislation. And by improving the mechanism for the legal regulation of relations in the field of Child Rights, the socio-legal protection of all children is provided with the conditions for increasing the effectiveness of our system.

Huqular given to educators in the Labor Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan:

1. the annual Labor leave is given to the teaching staff and Methodists of educational organizations, which are given during the summer holidays of students. For the second and subsequent working years of this category of employees, the annual Labor leave is paid in full;

2. The annual Labor leave is given to the teaching staff of educational organizations given during the student's summer vacation period, with the annual Labor leave in the first working year at full duration during the student's summer vacation period, paid in proportion to the time they worked for that educational organization, regardless of the time they were employed. Employees of this category are paid a full fee for the labor leave granted for the second and subsequent years of work, regardless of what time this vacation is issued during the working year.

Huqular given to educators in the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan:

- In the Republic of Uzbekistan, the work of the teacher is recognized as the basis for the development of society and the state, the formation and upbringing of a healthy, harmonious generation, the preservation of the spiritual and cultural potential of the people and the enrichment. The state takes care of the protection of the honor and dignity of teachers, their social and material well-being, their professional growth.

At the same time, a number of laws have been adopted to radically improve the constitutional and legal framework of activities to protect the rights and legitimate interests of children and ensure their maturation as a harmonious generation, guaranteeing the rights of the child. Adopted by the United Nations on November 20, 1989, the Convention on the rights of the child consists of 54 articles and at the same time serves to protect the rights of the child internationally. The ratification of the convention on the rights of the child in Uzbekistan, as a perfect template for the development of national legislation on the rights of the child, took on a number of obligations to ensure the rights and freedoms of the child, among the 193 countries of the world. As a result of this, the legal, methodological base for the creation of the scientific basis for the formation of legal consciousness of the younger generation was strengthened. Over the past years,

the promotion of legal consciousness and legal culture in society has led to the establishment of the rule of law and strengthening of legitimacy, radical reform of the national system of law, the formation of a respect for Human Rights and freedoms despite the fact that a number of significant works have been carried out in our Republic, raising the legal consciousness and legal, first of all, it was critically noted that work on legal education and upbringing was not carried out systematically and inextricably, work on the formation of legal immunity to factors that negatively affect the legal education of young people, respect for laws and etiquette in each person, loyalty to national values, uncomplicated approach to the work of arousing a feeling of intolerance

In addition, there are a number of problems and shortcomings that prevent students from raising their legal consciousness and legal culture, increasing the level of legal literacy, in particular:

- systematic and inextricable Organization of work to raise the legal consciousness and legal culture of students in the educational system;

- the formation of an influential mechanism for the communication of legal information in educational institutions;

- insufficient pedagogical-psychological resources in the adequate absorption of ideas of ensuring a balance between personal interests and the interests of society into the minds of students;

- the fact that educational processes in the system of continuing education are not carried out in harmony with legal education, especially in the formation of the legal culture of young people, they do not rely on the history, religion, customs, national values of the Uzbek people;

- the failure to create a system of effective cooperation with NGOs and other institutions of civil society in the organization of activities for the promotion of legal culture and the failure to organize work on the principle of social partnership;

- failure to establish specific targeted measures for the formation of legal immunity in relation to factors that negatively affect the legal education of young people;

- legal actions are still being carried out in traditional ways, by holding simple meetings, and the lack of use of innovative methods of promotion in this regard, including web technologies, insufficient websites of legal orientation;

- the fact that there are no legal mechanisms for encouraging projects aimed at increasing legal literacy, in this regard, events are organized in their name;

- the fact that the work of printing and disseminating legal literature on the promotion of legal knowledge, conducting scientific research is carried out ineffectively, is outlined in the “concept of the promotion of legal culture in society”. It can be seen from this that in the exaltation of legal consciousness and legal culture in society, first of all, special attention should be paid to the systematic and inextricable conduct of Education, which, in modern conditions, creates the need for the formation of legal consciousness in the actions of the child for the development of society

Today, at the new stage of development of Uzbekistan, special attention is paid to the development of active civil competence in youth and is assessed as the main aspect of youth policy. The socio-political and legal framework for the development of an active civil position in young people is also being improved. "Within the framework of the national strategy, the time has come for the creation of a continuous system of human rights education, the introduction of special training courses" Human Rights", "Child Rights", "women's rights" in secondary schools, higher education institutions, training centers for personnel retraining". In carrying out such urgent tasks on the scale of society as a whole, the role of the pedagogical process aimed at the development of civil culture in higher education is considered high in "preventing risks that threaten the lives of young people at the moment, combating education against ignorance, when a complex and threatening situation prevails all over the world." In higher education, the creation of an innovative pedagogical process based on the priority of the interests of society in order to increase the social activity of students, strengthen the immunity and responsibility to society and develop an active civic position will pay off. Through this, it will be possible to form qualities of patriotism, hard work and dedication in young people. As an important basis for the development of a civic position in future teachers, it is required to form personal interests in them. It is also required that the student, as a prospective cadre, realize Social Interest while demonstrating his potential by showing civic competence. Today, the need to realize that all social relations are being built on the basis of interest and, on this basis, the formation of social activity in young people is increasing. After all, "as long as there is life, as long as there is a person, each category tries to realize its interests in some way, how to organize this life, a person reflects around the issues of what conditions the family can live peacefully and happily" if necessary, seeks to achieve its goals in legal ways" so that in higher education, students, in them, the participant of socio-political relations also helps to find his place.

Nowadays, the world is changing rapidly. The dangers that threaten the fate and future of mankind are becoming more and more intense. At the global level, fierce competition, various conflicts and contradictions, trade wars are becoming extremely acute. In such complex conditions, we are obliged to rely only on the ingenuity, unbreakable will and potential of our people, our own strength and capabilities, and at the same time cooperate with the world community and boldly move forward." Based on international experience in the higher education system of Uzbekistan, "the introduction of advanced standards of higher education, including the gradual transfer from education aimed at obtaining theoretical knowledge in educational programs to an educational system aimed at the formation of practical skills, raising the content of higher education to a qualitatively new level, making a worthy contribution to the sustainable development of, by creating a" highly qualified personnel training system that can find its place in the labor market", it is possible to increase the social activity of future personnel, to ensure that they grow up to be a responsible specialist, implementing reforms in society. The main

components of the personnel training system of Uzbekistan: the individual, state and society, continuing education, science and production systems are formed from the continuous unity of holistic educational and socio-spiritual rule. The effectiveness of any system is assessed socially and economically in its essence. In the process of assessing the effectiveness of the system of upbringing of a harmonious personality in the process of continuing education, more social advantages are manifested. After all, the results of the solution of the system are manifested as the result of pedagogical activity aimed at raising the level of education, upbringing and social culture, the formation of spiritual and moral qualities in educators, the creation of pedagogical conditions for the comprehensive maturation of the individual, the formation of active civil competence.

The head of our State bases zarurti on the development of active civil competence in young people: “today, in the world, around us, the threat of international terrorism, extremism and radicalism is growing. Bloody conflicts, armed conflicts are taking place in different regions, new foci of conflict are emerging. At present, we all witness that the word “peace” in the world, the concept of “tranquility”, has become a huge deposit, yesterday's situation in this regard, yesterday's analysis and forecasts do not coincide with today” developed countries of the world are considered as one of the priority tasks to increase the social activity of students and young people through social In particular, great attention is paid to the analysis of issues related to the development of civil culture in future teachers in the process of enhancing the legal culture of students and improving pedagogical mechanisms for the development of political literacy, social sciences. Each state tries to find in its citizens qualities that correspond to the requirements of the Times and values that correspond to the goals of society. It is not without benefit to get acquainted with the experience of leading countries in this regard, which are concerned about constant rise. Therefore, it will be advisable to analyze the experience of progressive states in the development of active civil competence in young people. Japan's method of upbringing, one of the countries of the Far East, is not only a set of pedagogical education, but also an upbringing aimed at the formation of a civil culture. In this country, social activity is taught from childhood, and even in the educational process, this approach is considered important. The qualities of social activity in the Japanese educational methodology are instilled from childhood through team games, sports games. In the Japanese educational system, hard work, discipline and communalism are considered characteristics of the Japanese national character. Scientists believe that Japanese solidarity in the formation of an active civic position in young people will bring unprecedented economic achievements. Each state tries to find in its citizens qualities that correspond to the requirements of the Times and values that correspond to the goals of society. It is not without benefit to get acquainted with the experience of leading countries in this regard, which are concerned about constant rise. Therefore, it will be advisable to analyze the experience of progressive states in the development of active civil competence in young people. Japan's method of upbringing, one of the countries of the Far East, is not

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