THE USE OF DISCOVERY LEARNING MODEL WITH RME APPROACH VIEWED FROM INTERPERSONAL INTELLIGENCE

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Abstract: This research is aimed at finding out: 1) the influence of discovery learning model with RME approach on Mathematics learning achievement; 2) the influence of interpersonal intelligence on Mathematics learning achievement; 3) the interaction between discovery learning model with RME approach and interpersonal intelligence on Mathematics learning achievement. The research was conducted at one of the state Elementary Schools in Banjarsari sub-district, Surakarta. The method used in this research was quasiexperimental method with 2x3 factorial design. Hypothesis test was done by two-way variance ANOVA test with different cells. It can be concluded that the discovery learning model with RME approach gives better influence on the Mathematics learning achievement than the direct learning model. Students having high interpersonal intelligence category get better Mathematics learning achievement than those having medium interpersonal intelligence get better Mathematics achievement than those having low category. There is no interaction between learning model and interpersonal intelligence on Mathematics learning achievement.

Keywords: Discovery learning Interpersonal intelligence Realistic mathematic education

INTRODUCTION

Education is used as the effort to develop the learners' potential through the learning activities. Basically, the students get some disciplines in formal education one of them is Mathematics course. Mathematics is a subject that is closely related to daily life; however, there are still many students in elementary school who find it difficult to understand the concepts. It affects the students' low mathematics learning achievement. Based on the 2015 TIMSS (Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study) report, Indonesia is ranked 36th out of 49 countries. In 2015, the survey of PISA (Program for International Student Assessment) also shows that Indonesian students' Mathematics achievement ranking is in 69th position out of 76 countries. The low students' achievement in Mathematics is caused by the external factors and internal factors. One of the external factors is the lack of use of innovative learning models by the teachers, especially on Mathematics subjects. As a result, the

students cannot solve the mathematical problems that they encounter, especially if they face Mathematics problems related to their daily life. Therefore, teachers should design and implement various models of appropriate learning on each subject matter. One of the learning models that can be used as a solution is a discovery learning model. DL is a model for developing the students' active learning by finding out the solution by themselves, self- p ISSN: 2089-9823 J. Edu. & Learn. Vol. 13, No. 1, February 2019: 87 - 92 88 investigating. The results will be long-lasting in their memory and not be easily forgotten by the students [1]. Discovery learning is an activity to strengthen students in learning independently and to apply what they learn and ultimately produce effective learning [2]. Discovery learning encourages students to hypothesize better and deeper when they are asked to find and build important information for themselves [3]. In his research, Balim concludes that discovery learning model requires the students to comment on concepts, information, and events by discussing and asking questions and reaching the information itself, in other words, finding solutions through practice [4]. Stages or procedures in DL are stimulation, problem statement, data collection, data processing, verifycation, and generalization [5]. Based on the above-mentioned research results, it can be concluded that discovery learning is one of the learning models that makes the students active to create the effective classroom. The effectiveness of the implementation of discovery learning model included in the learning mathematics can be effective, especially if it is combined with the learning approach that is devoted to learning Mathematics, such as Realistic Mathematic Education. Sumantri reveals that the realistic Mathematics stated in the RME approach is school Mathematics that is implemented by placing the students' reality and experience as the starting point in learning [6]. The students' initial experience and knowledge helped him in studying an abstract material such as Mathematics. RME focuses on developing conceptual understanding through "doing mathematics"; therefore, RME provides the examples from the environment or experience or knowledge [7]. Realistic concepts in RME means that the students' experience or knowledge are assumed to make them have better understanding about the various concepts in Mathematics. It is in line with Arshaytamby' finding that RME is a special teaching and learning theory that is appropriate and dependent to be applied in the real world. The instruction is begun from the students' own experience; therefore, the students can participate in learning activities to make the more meaningful Mathematics lessons. Answering real questions will be more meaningful by utilizing interactive instructions. The demand for being active students is a typical feature of RME, so the teacher only directs the students' activities [8]. The core of RME is learning activities starting from the real world; therefore, the students can involve in the learning process significantly. The teachers play the main roles as mentor and facilitator for

the students in the process of reconstructing ideas and Mathematical concepts [9]. The implementation of discovery learning model with RME approach in this research was conducted in groups due to the more information that will be got by the students. It can be considered that discovery learning is a learning model putting the students as the active learners and the teacher as the only mentor or facilitator. Students should actively build their own knowledge by interacting with others and the environment. Interaction and cooperation among students will be very helpful in learning activities using discovery learning model with RME approach. Cooperation in groups requires the students to be able to adapt with others. This ability is also called as interpersonal intelligence. Gardner suggests that interpersonal intelligence implies the person's ability to understand the others' intentions, motivations, and desires that they will effectively work with. [10] In the cooperative activities, the students of the interpersonal group have interpersonal interactions, like peer tutors, and attend a group brainstorming session [11]. Interpersonal intelligence is in line with current communication and collaboration learning objectives, critical thinking and problem solving [12]. Through this exposure, it is understandable that the discovery learning model with the RME approach to the learning atmosphere demands the students' activeness and independence. It is appropriate to be applied in the groups having the ability to adapt and interact with the environment in different categories. This study is aimed at finding out the effect of discovery learning using RME approach, the students' interpersonal intelligence, and the students' independent performance in Mathematics learning achievement. This research is conducted to answer the following questions: a. How is the influence of discovery learning using RME approach to Mathematics learning achievement of elementary school students in Banjarsari? b. How is the influence of interpersonal intelligence to their Mathematics learning in the elementary school in Banjarsari? c. Is there any interaction between discovery learning model using RME approach and interpersonal intelligence to the students' Mathematics learning achievement in the elementary school in Banjarsari? 2. RESEARCH METHOD The population of this study was the students of the fifthgrade in SD Negeri Banjarsari sub-district Surakarta consisting of 47 elementary schools. The sample of this research was the students of the fifth-grade in 6 elementary schools. The sample was taken by using stratified cluster random sampling technique. The type of research is quasi-experiment. The data collection techniques used test to collect Mathematics learning achievement data and questionnaire to find out the interpersonal intelligence data. The number of J. Edu. & Learn. ISSN: 2089-9823 ρ The use of discovery learning model with rme approach viewed from ... (Desty Ratna Permatasari) 89 achievement test was 25 multiple choice items. A questionnaire was used to collect the interpersonal intelligence data consisting of 25 items. The results will be categorized into three categories, namely

high, medium, and low category. Normality was performed using Saphiro Wilk test and homogeneity of variance using Levene test. Meawhile, the data analysis technique of learning achievement used two-way variance analysis with unequal cell and post-anava test using Scheffe method [13]. 3.

RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

The instrument was used to collect the data of Mathematics learning achievement consisting of 25 test items in the form of multiple choices that was given to the students both in experimental and control class. Before conducting hypothesis test using two-way ANOVA, two prerequisite tests were conducted, they are normality and homogeneity test of learning achievement data. Normality and homogeneity test of student's Mathematics learning achievement data were done using SPSS with significance level 5%. The result of normality test of the students' Mathematics learning achievement is shown in Table 1 below. Table 1. Normality Test of Mathematics Achievement Test Kolmogorov-Smirnova Statistic df Sig. DL RME .084 83 .200 DIRECTLY .089 94 .062 Table 1. shows that experimental class that used discovery learning model with RME approach and control class used direct learning model in which the significant value is > 0.05 is 0.200 > 0.05, and 0.062 >0.05. Therefore, it can be concluded that the sample of achievement tests comes from a normal distributed population. The homogeneity test of student achievement test data is shown in Table 2 below. Table 2. Homogeneity Test of Mathematics Achievement Test Levene Statistic df1 df2 Sig .126 2 174 .882 Table 2. Shows that the significant value is = 0.882 > 0.05. Based on the homogeneity test results, it is concluded that the sample has the same or homogeneous variance. In this study, the data were analyzed using two-way ANOVA shown in table 3 with the following results. Table 3. Hypothesis Test Source Type III Sum of Squares df Mean Square F Sig. Partial Eta Squared Corrected Model 19636.957a 5 3927.391 11.554 .000 .253 Intercept 519500.421 1 519500.421 1.528E3 .000 .899 Model 11762.671 1 11762.671 34.606 .000 .168 KI 7215.487 2 3607.743 10.614 .000 .110 Model * KI 756.504 2 378.252 1.113 .331 .013 Error 58123.223 171 339.902 Total 622576.000 177 Corrected Total 77760.181 176 Based on Table 3, which is the result of hypothesis test, it can be concluded that: 1) the influence of discovery learning model with RME approach toward Mathematics learning achievement has the value of F obtained = 34.606 with significance = $0.000 \ 0.05$ which means there is no interaction between learning model with interpersonal intelligence. Considering the research questions 1 and 2, it can be concluded that: 1) it is shown from each category of interpersonal intelligence, discovery learning model with RME approach is better than direct learning model; 2) it is shown that discovery learning model with RME approach of high interpersonal intelligence is better than medium or low and better

than low; 3) it is shown that direct learning model of high interpersonal intelligence is better than the moderate or low to get the better intelligence.

CONCLUSION

The conclusions that can be taken from the result of the research are: 1) there is a difference of student's Mathematics learning achievement between student group using discovery learning model with RME approach and direct learning, the learning discovery learning model with RME approach gives better learning achievement of Mathematics than learning direct; 2) students having high interpersonal intelligence category have better Mathematics learning achievement than those having medium and low category, students with interpersonal intelligence are having better mathematics achievement than low category students; 3) there is no interaction between discovery learning model with RME approach and interpersonal intelligence on mathematics learning achievement. The results of this study can be used by the teachers as a consideration in applying effective learning models on Mathematics subjects. Discovery learning model with RME approach can be used by the teachers as an alternative effective learning model because it can be applied to all categories of students' interpersonal intelligence.

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