Volume. 7, Issue 12, December (2024)

RUSSIAN LANGUAGE AND SPEECH CULTURE

https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.14601716

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The article explores the significance of the Russian language and speech culture as essential components of national identity, communication, and historical heritage. It discusses key aspects such as literacy, speech etiquette, and the influence of modern technology on language use. The article highlights the importance of maintaining a high level of linguistic proficiency for effective interaction in various social and professional contexts.

Russian Language and Speech Culture

The Russian language holds one of the leading positions among world languages in terms of the number of speakers and the richness of expression. It is not only a means of communication but also an important element of culture, national identity, and historical heritage.

Speech culture represents a set of norms and rules that regulate the correctness, accuracy, expressiveness, and appropriateness of language use. Mastery of speech culture helps individuals articulate their thoughts clearly, avoid linguistic errors, and achieve effective interaction with others.

One of the key aspects of speech culture is literacy. It includes knowledge of spelling, punctuation, grammar, and stylistics. Literate speech indicates a high level of education and respect for the interlocutor. Furthermore, literacy fosters logical thinking and enhances the ability to construct well-structured arguments in both written and oral communication.

Speech etiquette also plays a crucial role in communication culture. Politeness, respect for the interlocutor, and the appropriateness of expressions and intonations all contribute to harmonious human interaction. Speech culture requires consideration of situational factors such as the formality of communication, the social status of the dialogue participants, and the characteristics of the audience. The choice of vocabulary, tone, and style should correspond to the communicative setting, whether it is a business meeting, academic discussion, or casual conversation.

Modern technologies and social networks are changing speech culture. Online communication is often characterized by brevity and simplification, sometimes leading to a decline in literacy. The prevalence of slang, abbreviations, and emojis in digital communication may impact the ability to use formal language correctly. However, this

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does not negate the importance of adhering to literary language norms in official and business situations. Digital literacy, which includes the ability to balance informal and formal language use, is becoming increasingly essential in today's interconnected world.

Thus, speech culture is an integral part of the Russian linguistic tradition. The ability to express thoughts correctly and beautifully contributes to successful communication, professional growth, and harmonious interpersonal relationships. Investing in speech culture through education and continuous learning ensures that language remains a powerful tool for personal and societal development.

In conclusion, the Russian language and speech culture play a vital role in shaping communication, identity, and social interactions. Maintaining high linguistic standards ensures clarity, effectiveness, and mutual understanding in various aspects of life. As technology continues to evolve, it is essential to balance modern communication methods with linguistic traditions to preserve the richness and accuracy of the Russian language. Through continuous learning and adaptation, speech culture will remain a cornerstone of effective and meaningful human interaction.

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