

ENLARGE YOUR VOCABULARY BY USING RUSSIAN ASPECTS

<https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.10144394>

Yadgarova Guzal Isanbayevna

Senior Teacher,

Russain language interfaculty department

National University of Uzbekistan

Tashkent, Uzbekistan

Russian language is absolutely necessary for people nowadays, because of our growing international contacts with foreign countries. Learning Language plays a very important role in our life. It is one of the most valuable possessions a man can get in his life. During all the periods of human history learning other languages ranked high among people. Human progress mostly depended upon well-educated people. Nowadays learning foreign languages is becoming more and more popular. Learning other country's native language brings lots of benefits such as traveling around the world, meet new friends from other cities, communicate with foreigners and so on. Besides of these benefits, one who knows foreign language, can easily study abroad where this language is spoken and national one. Our government gives more attention to learn foreign languages, especially for the Russian language. Now even a little child can somehow speak Russian. If anyone visits our country, he or she can see it. Our children start learning Russian language from kindergarten. So let us imagine if children are being taught from so early age, which degree they can achieve when they are sixteen or seventeen years old. They will speak as a native speaker. There are several schools, colleges, universities which Russian language is special aspect or we can say faculty. If you want to learn foreign language (Let us say Russian language) you should start with grammar. You can learn at Grammar aspect all rules about Russian language. In my point of view, Russian language's grammar is one of the easiest among other languages. When you have enough knowledge about grammar, you can start automatically make sentences. Maybe it takes you some more seconds to reply others but it worth it. Because when learner speaks with grammar structure his or her speech will be more beautiful and may attract others. Another thing which learners should do is start studying vocabulary. When you are ready to speak with grammar in order to avoid making mistakes or making your speech boring, you should enlarge your vocabulary. As it is known that Russian language is rich in words, you can use lots of synonyms. If you want to enlarge your vocabulary, every day you must learn by heart at least ten or fifteen words. If you do it regularly, you can do your vocabulary well without any hesitation. Improving your vocabulary in Russian language or any language requires some periods. There are many aspects to improve your vocabulary. There many Russian aspects that can help you to improve your vocabulary. For instance, Vocabulary, Listening and Speaking Skills, Reading

and Writing Skills, Integrated Skills, Independent Study Skills and so on. All of these subjects help you to improve your knowledge and of course your vocabulary. One of the useful aspects that help you to improve your vocabulary is “Reading and Writing Skills”. Reading can be a great way to improve your vocabulary so you must read a lot of novels, stories, poems. They have lots of difficult and unfamiliar words, phrases, idioms. If you train with such kind of stories and things like that, you start to learn new useful words. Another useful aspect is “Vocabulary” itself. It is one of the most useful aspects for you. Because it has so many things, words, phrases, idioms for you. So it is great chance to do your vocabulary well. At Writing Aspect you start using them. Whenever you are told to write something from writing aspect, try to you use all new words which you have learned. After learning all units you should repeat them all time. Another aspect is “Integrated Skill”. If you study this aspect, it gives you great opportunity to use them because at this aspect you will use both in writing and in speaking. Each time you should repeat new words. If it possible you must learn with their synonyms, definitions. It also has its benefits. it helps you learn the meaning of new vocabulary words as well. You can learn from Integrated skills one technique which is named “The Lincs Vocabulary” helps students learn the meaning of new vocabulary words using powerful memory-enhancement techniques. Strategy steps cue students to focus on critical elements of the concept; to use visual imagery, associations with prior knowledge, and key-word mnemonic devices to create a study card; and to study the card to enhance comprehension and recall of the concept. Research results showed that in a social studies class in which this technique was taught to the students, the students with learning disabilities performed at a mean of 53 percent in the pretest and at a mean of 77 percent correct answers after learning the strategy. In the control class in which students did not learn the strategy, the mean percentage of correct answers decreased from the pretest to the posttest. As you can see from all of these examples you can easily understand mostly all Russian Aspects can help you to enlarge your vocabulary very well. In the end you can speak and use vocabulary fluently. Vocabulary is one of the most important thing to success. If one has large vocabulary, he or she can use it whenever he or she needs. If it possible you should learn by heart with definitions also. It has more than one benefit. You can enlarge your vocabulary and in the same time you can explain one word with another one. So try to use all advice which you read above and in the end you get well result.

REFERENCE:

1.Isakova Ravshana Karimjanovna, & Tursunova Inobat Mirkamilovna. (2022). Teaching Russian in Uzbek groups in universities. *Journal of Pedagogical Inventions and Practices*, 9, 121–122. Retrieved from <https://www.zienjournals.com/index.php/jpip/article/view/1981>

2. Isakova Ravshana Karimzhanovna, & Begmatova Navruza Abdukhamedovna. (2021). THE NEXT STEP TO INNOVATION-ORIENTED EDUCATION IS THE IMPLEMENTATION OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES INTO THE PRACTICE OF TEACHING THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE IN FOREIGN LANGUAGE GROUPS. Archive of Conferences, 33-34. Retrieved from <https://conferencepublication.com/index.php/aoc/article/view/1577>

3. Фарога́т Юлдашева, Шахида Базарова.- Совершенствование методики преподавания грамматических понятий в неязыковых вузах –XXXVI Международной научно-практической интернет-конференции «Проблемы и перспективы развития современной науки в странах Европы и Азии» 2021 г.

4. Berdieva Mukarrama Anvarovna, Bazarova Shokhida Ashirkulovna-The role of authentic materials in teaching Russian language in higher education. Молодой ученый Международный научный журнал № 17 (412) / 2022

5. Бердиева Мукаррама Анваровна. Особенности работы над понятием «Стиль речи» Тульская международная конференция по преподаванию иностранных языков (tsul icon - flt).2021 г

6. Базарова Шохида Аширкуловна. Methodology of teaching the russian language in higher education. O`zbekistonda fanlararo innovatsiyalar va ilmiy tadqiqotlar jurnali. 20222.

7. Tursunova inobat mirkamilovna, bazarova shohida ashirkulovna. Didactic means of teaching the russian language. Finland international scientific journal of education, social science & humanities. 2022/12/12

8. Berdieva Mukarrama Anvarovna, Kambarova Dilfuza Makhamadzhanovna, Yakubova Feruzakhon Askarovna, Bazarova Shohida Ashirkulovna / New methods of teaching russian to students in higher education institutions Multicultural Education 2022

9. Bazarova Shohida Ashirkulovna / Вопрос эффективности обучения русскому языку в национальной школе. Scienceweb academic papers collection/2021/01.01

10. Bazarova Shokhida Ashirkulovna. International open conference - Development of creative activity of students in Russian language lessons. Vol. 1 No. 4 (2022): Scientific Aspects and Trends in the Field of Scientific Research.